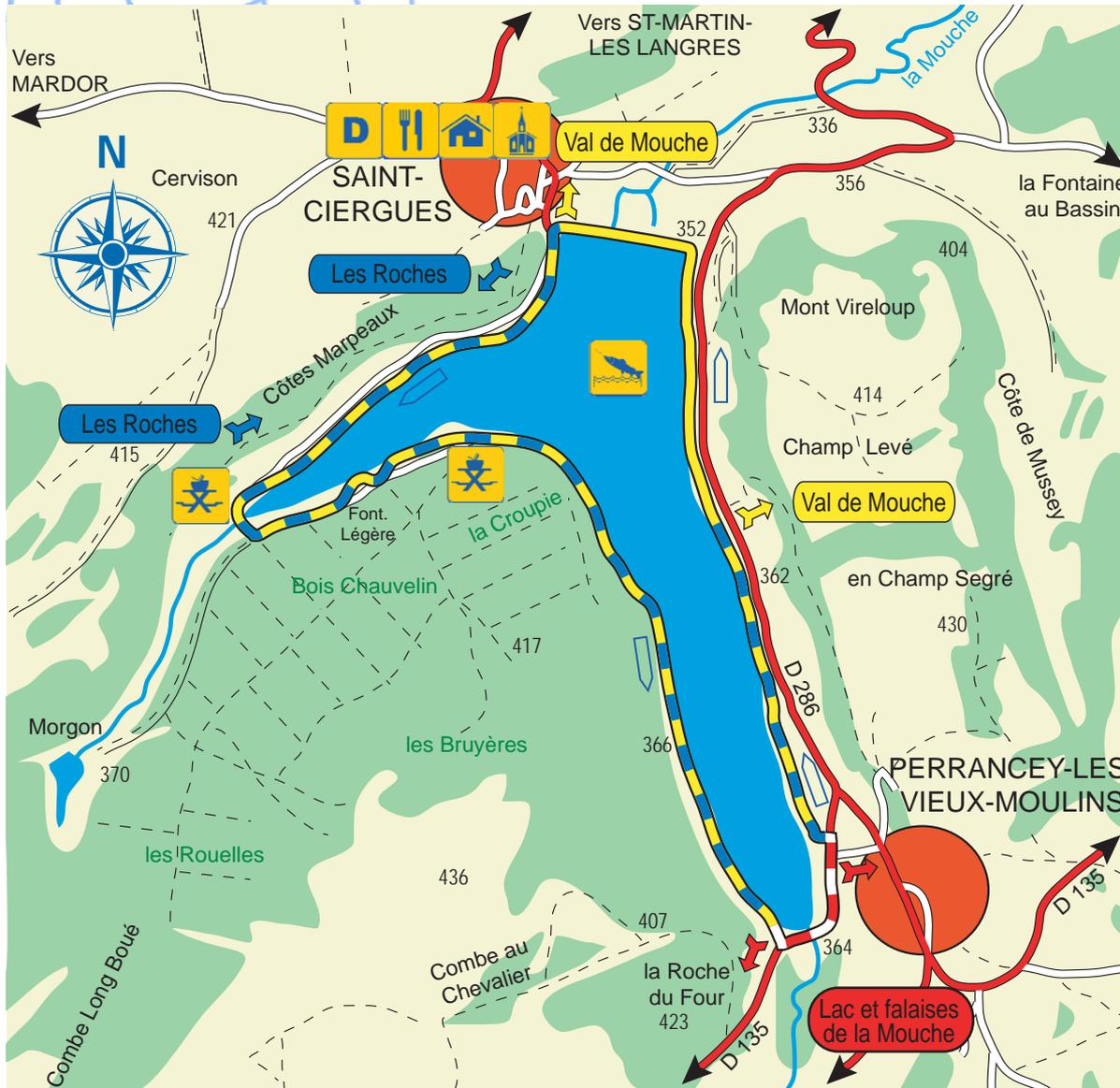


# Around the lake of « la Mouche »

- ▶ Departure from the place of Saint-Ciergues
- ▶ Route markers  and 
- ▶ IGN map of Langres area - Nr17



-  Departure of the circuit
-  Direction of the circuit
-  Self-catering cottage
-  Restauration
-  Fishing
-  Church
-  Picnic area

From the place in the entrance of Saint-Ciergues, take the direction of the lake by committing you on the small road towards the bay of Morgon. After about ten meters, to turn left a small path which lines the lake. Continue on the latter up to the tail of the lake where you find the tarred road at the level of the picnic area.

From there, set to the left, pass on the bridge and, in the crossroads, turn left. In hundred meters, turn left and follow a small path which returns you by the lake. Arrived near the road, set again to the left to pass in front a tufière formation and, from there, win the following picnic area. Continue quite straight ahead and take the small path in border of the wood. This one leads you without incident to the south extremity of the lake. In period of low tide, you can set to the left, pass above the small bridge stepping over the Fly (path in dotted line on the map) and after the barrier, set to the left again. In period of high tides it is necessary to you to follow the GR 7 ( white and red marking) till the bottom of the village of Perrancey-les-Vieux-Moulins

From there, continue any right by following the blue and yellow marking up to the crossroads with her D 286. Borrow then the path fitted out by the roadside, up to the dam of the lake which it is necessary to you to follow to join Saint-Ciergues (change of color of marking in the middle of the way).

# Around the lake of « la Mouche »

## ► Not to miss !



### ► The lake of « la Mouche »

Saint-Ciergues Lake is the smallest of the 4 lakes of the country of Langres. An area of 97 hectares and 2.4 km in length, it is the banked and the deepest lake (almost 21 meters).

Built between 1882 and 1889, it collects the waters of the fly and the Morgon, which covers a pool of 6 500 hectares, for a storage capacity of 8 648 000 metres cubic of water. The low grip made improvements make it one of the Lakes the most "sauvages" of the country of Langres, reserved for the practice of fishing and hiking. "

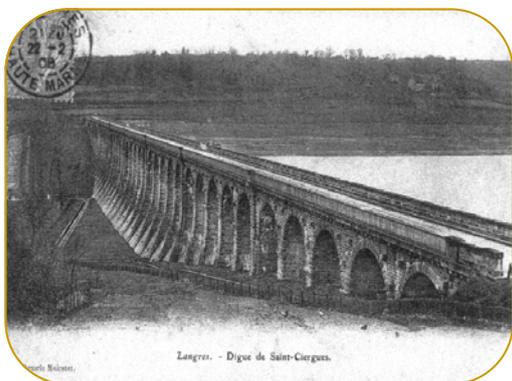


### ► A dike in masonry

The Lake is also the only one of the 4 lakes of the country of Langres to present a masonry dam.

From a height of 23 meters to 410 meters wide, dam is topped by Perrancey to Saint-Ciergues road, formerly in the bottom of the Valley. At the construction of the dam, the route was deported on the East Bank of the Lake to the dam. In the interest of limiting the cost of the work, it gave then that a width of 3 meters wide 60 only at the top of the dike.

It is adorned externally 40 arches like a viaduct alignment. These 8 m opening and 4.10 m wide arches are divided into 8 groups of 5 arches separated by a battery-abutments forming buttresses.



### ► Problems of cracks...

As a result of the winter of 1890-91, where the temperature went down to -20 °, cracks appeared and then let go thin fillets of water, leaving the population of the Valley fear the worst...

Reinforcement work was done in 1905 with the completion of a contre-digue screen to retrieve water infiltration in a collector base, via vertical shafts. Since this screen neither cracks nor infiltration occurred in the masonry.

### ► Church Saint-Cyr and Sainte-Julitte in Saint-Ciergues

The Church has a flamboyant double transept, but not bedside. The choir is housed in the central part of the second span of the transept. The nave, rebuilt later, kept a protrusion of the 13th century portal. Note the presence of a fresco (last supper) of the 16th century. Church listed on the supplementary inventory of Historic Monuments December 7, 1925.

