

## The fort of Pointe de Diamant (or De France)

**Construction :** 1874 – 1877.

**Nature :** Fort of belt.

**Form :** Square

**Situation :** 1,86 miles au in the Northern West of Langres.

**Altitude :** 0,28 miles.

**Area :** 13 hectares.

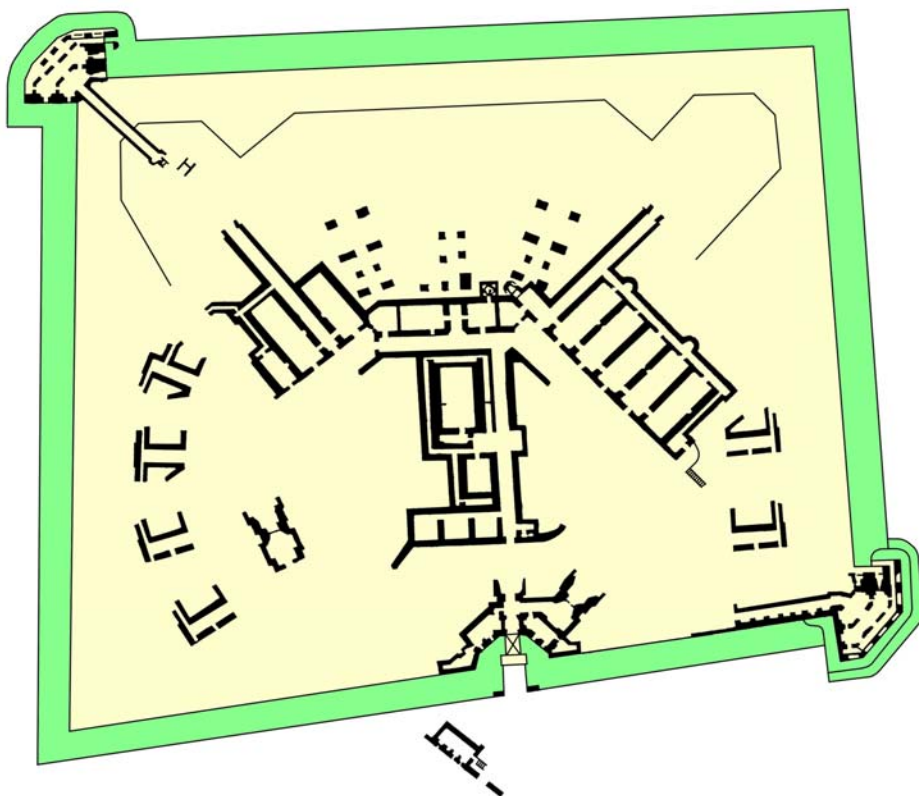
**Capacity :** 350 men among 8 officers and 13 non commissioned officers.

**Armament :** 29 details among 17 details of rampart, 4 details with indirect shooting and 8 details of flanquement.

**Secondary work :**  
battery of Hûmes.

**Similar Work :**

Powder at 0.25 miles and this of Brevoines, works of Perrancey (1,36 miles) and of Fay (1,36 miles).



**Supply in water :**

Artificial waters :

ROUBY System, cwater tank of 233 m<sup>3</sup> et water tank of emergency of 163 m<sup>3</sup>

Natural waters :

Well of 0,02 mile – Source of the Arbelotte at 0,62 miles.

Waste waters :

Drainage on screeds then trenches towards ditches and catch basins or outside the fort. 2 latrines on fixed pits.

**Owner :** private property

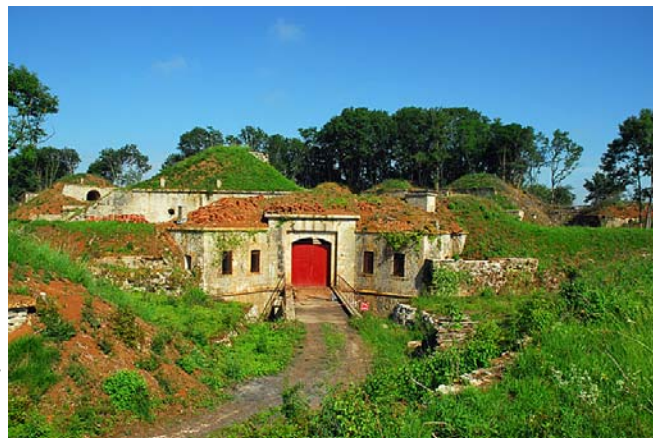
**Visits :** <http://www.fortpointedediamant.fr/>

**Story :**

With the fort of Bonnelle, it participated in the protection of the West plateau of Langres; by joining its fires to those of the fort of Saint-Menge, it controlled the valley of the

Marne and the road of Chaumont.

Of size reduced and relatively close to Langres, it occupied already an identified height as important like in the foregrounds of transformation of the Place in 1868. Its compactness entailed the establishment of the shop with powder very close to the barracks.



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